

Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

6 2 9 2 3 8 5 2 9 C

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

0413/13

Paper 1 Theory

October/November 2020

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 16 pages. Blank pages are indicated.

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[Turn over

1	Nar	ne two bones at the elbow.
	1	
	2	
		[2]
2	Αnι	untrained performer joins an athletics club to try and get fit to run in a long-distance race.
	(a)	Suggest three short-term effects of exercise on the performer other than an increase in heart rate.
		1
		2
		3
		[3]
	(b)	Name and describe a test a coach might use to assess the performer's stamina.
		name of test
		description
		[4]

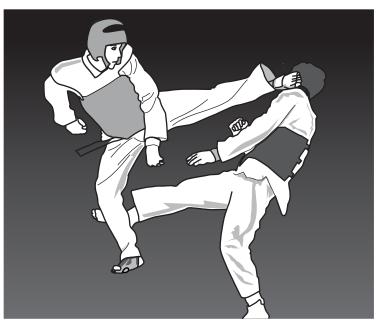
0413/13/O/N/20

Suggest a method of training that could be used to help improve the performer's stamina. Give two justifications for your answer.
method of training
justification 1
justification 2
[3]
Describe, using examples, how four named principles of overload could be applied to the performer's training.
principle 1
principle 2
principle 3
principle 4
[4]

3 (a) The diagrams show two activities in which performers might choose to use a prohibited performance-enhancing drug (PED).

shot put taekwondo



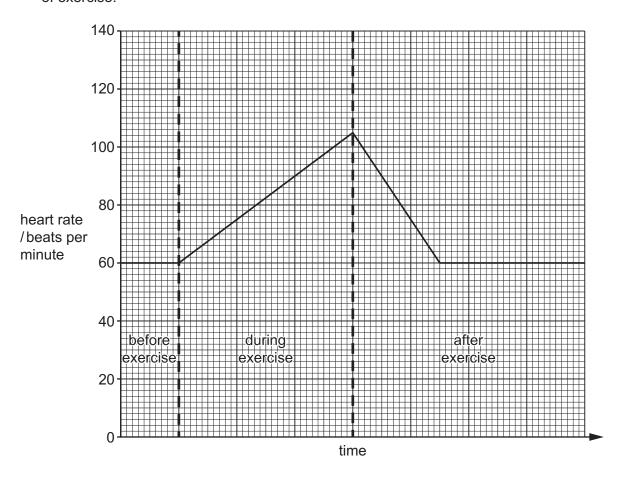


Name a different type of PED that a performer in each activity might choose to use in order to gain an advantage when performing. Justify your answers.

	type of PED for shot put	
	justification	
	type of PED for taekwondo	
	justification	
		[4]
(b)	Suggest two types of testing that sports organising bodies may use to reduce the use PEDs.	of
	1	
	2	
		 [2]

[Total: 6]

4 (a) The graph shows the simplified heart rate of a fit performer before, during and after a period of exercise.



i)	State the heart rate of the performer before exercise.	
		[1]
i)	Suggest two ways that a line on the same graph for an unfit performer doing this sal	me

exercise at the same intensity and for the same time may be different from the line showr for the fit performer.
1

2			
2	 	 	
			[2]

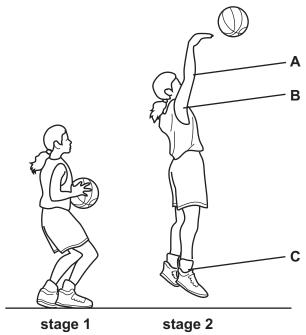
(b)	Describe the process of Excess Post-exercise Oxygen Consumption (EPOC).
	Г1

	(C)	Describe rour effects off a performer of completing a cool down after exercise.
		1
		2
		3
		4
		4
		[4] [Total: 8]
5	(a)	Describe, using examples from a named physical activity, two characteristics of a performer who is at the cognitive stage of learning.
		physical activity
		characteristic 1
		characteristic 2
		[2]
	(b)	Knowledge of results is a type of feedback.
		Explain one advantage and one disadvantage of this type of feedback for a performer at the cognitive stage of learning.
		advantage
		disadvantage
		[2]
	(c)	Name one type of guidance and describe a benefit of using this type of guidance for a performer at the cognitive stage of learning.
		type of guidance
		benefit
		[2]

[Total: 6]

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The diagram shows two stages of shooting a basketball with some joints of the performer labelled A, B and C.



(a)	(i)	Name the type of synovial joint labelled B .	
			[1]
	(ii)	Name the type of movement at the joint labelled B from stage 1 to stage 2 .	[1]
(b)	(i)	Name the type of movement at the joint labelled C from stage 1 to stage 2 .	[1]
	(ii)	Name the agonist muscle for this movement.	
(c)	(i)	Name the type of movement at the joint labelled A from stage 1 to stage 2 .	ניין
			[1]
	(ii)	Describe the antagonistic muscle action for this movement. Name the muscles involve	ed.
			r01

(a)	Describe two differences between physical recreation and sport.	
	1	
	2	
		[2]
(b)	Explain how each of the following may influence what recreational activities people do during their leisure time:	e choose to
	age	
	social circumstances	
	peer influences	
	area where they live.	
		[4]
(c)	Explain four factors that have influenced the growth in leisure activities.	
	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
		[4]

[Total: 10]

7

Explain three reasons why people may have different energy needs.
1
2
3
[3]

8

9 (a) The photograph shows a cyclist travelling at speed in a road race.



Explain the effect of three named forces acting on the cyclist.

	force 1	
	explanation	
	force 2	
	explanation	
	force 3	
	explanation	
		[6]
(b)	State how force can be calculated.	
		[2]

(c) (i) Draw and label a diagram of a third class lever.

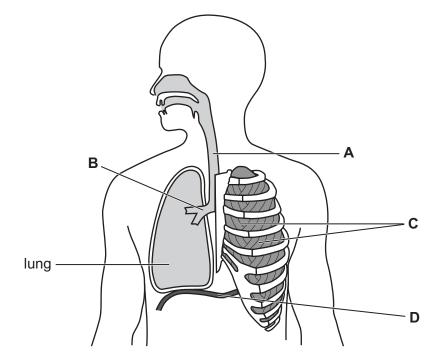
			[2]
	(ii)	Describe an example of a third class lever in the body.	
			[1]
			[Total: 11]
10		be the advantages that professional performers may have when compet ners at the Olympic Games.	
10			
10			
10			
10			
10			ing against amateur
10			ing against amateur

11	(a)	Describe the long-term effects of regular exercise on the heart.
		[3]
	(b)	Describe two structural differences between arteries and veins.
		1
		2
		[2]
		[2

0413/13/O/N/20

[Total: 5]

12 The diagram shows part of the respiratory system with structures labelled ${\bf A}, {\bf B}, {\bf C}$ and ${\bf D}.$



(a)	Name the structures labelled A , B and C .
	A
	В
	C
(b)	Identify structure D and explain its role in the mechanics of breathing.
	[3]
	[Total: 6]

13 (a) The table shows the percentage of fast-twitch muscle fibres and the percentage of slow-twitch muscle fibres for three different performers.

performer	percentage of fast-twitch muscle fibres	percentage of slow-twitch muscle fibres
Α	15	85
В	70	30
С	45	55

Suggest a different physical activity that would be suitable for each performer. Give a reason for each answer.

	activity for performer A	
	reason	
	activity for performer B	
	reason	
	activity for performer C	
	reason	
		[3]
(b)	Describe three characteristics of fast-twitch muscle fibres.	[0]
	1	
	2	
	3	
		 [3]

[Total: 6]

14	(a)	Define the term arousal.
	(b)	Explain why optimal arousal varies for two different skills in a named physical activity.
		physical activity
		skill 1
		explanation
		skill 2
		explanation
		[4]
	(c)	Suggest, using examples, two negative effects of overarousal on the performance of a games player.
		1
		2
		[2]
		[Total: 7]

15	(a)	Explain why a performer in an endurance activity is likely to benefit from high-altitude training.
		[2]
	(b)	Suggest disadvantages of training at high-altitude for a performer.
		[3]

[Total: 5]

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